

# Ball Valves Types and Sizes: 3-Way

Site: Mbsmpro

Date: December 31, 2025 | Author: www.mbsmpro.com

URL: <https://mbsmpro.com/ball-valves-types-and-sizes-3-way/>

## BALL VALVES – TYPES & SIZES

1/2" | 3/4" | 1"

3-Way • Union • Male-Female • Nickel Plated



3-Way Ball Valve (Female Thread)

1/2" x 1/2" x 1/2", 3/4" x 3/4" x 3/4"



3-Way Ball Valve (Nickel Plated)

1/2" | 3/4"



Ball Valve (Male x Male)

1/2" | 3/4" | 1"



Ball Valve (Female x Male)

1/2" F x 1/2" M | 3/4" F x 3/4" M



3-Way Ball Valve (Mixed Thread)

1/2" | 3/4"



Union Ball Valve (Double Union)

1/2" | 3/4" | 1"



## **Ball Valves Types and Sizes: 3-Way, Union, Male-Female, Nickel Plated, 1/2" 3/4" 1"**

Ball valves in 1/2 inch, 3/4 inch, and 1 inch sizes with 3-way, union, and male-female configurations cover most residential and light industrial water and refrigeration installations. These compact shut-off devices provide fast isolation, easy direction change, and reliable sealing in copper, PEX, and steel piping systems.

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### **Main ball valve families**

Ball valves in this range are typically manufactured from brass or nickel-plated brass, with full-bore or standard-bore ports and red lever handles for quick visual identification.

They are used for domestic water, HVAC, refrigeration circuits, compressed air, and light industrial fluids where pressures up to about 25–40 bar and moderate temperatures are expected.

Key product families in 1/2", 3/4", and 1":

- 3-way ball valve (female thread)
  - 3-way ball valve (nickel plated)
  - Straight ball valve male × male
  - Straight ball valve female × male
  - 3-way ball valve (mixed thread)
  - Union ball valve (double union)
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### **Thread types and connection options**

Connection type determines how the valve integrates with the pipework and how fast it can be replaced or serviced.

For 1/2", 3/4", and 1" sizes, typical threaded ends follow ISO 228-1 or similar standards, compatible with BSP parallel threads commonly found in plumbing and refrigeration fittings.

### Connection configurations

Valve type	Typical connection	Main advantage	Typical size range
3-way ball valve (female thread)	F × F × F threaded	Easy integration between three fixed pipes	1/2", 3/4", 1"
3-way ball valve (nickel plated)	F × F × F nickel-plated brass	Better corrosion resistance and clean appearance	1/2", 3/4"
Ball valve male × male	M × M threaded	Direct connection into fittings or manifolds	1/2", 3/4", 1"
Ball valve female × male	F × M threaded	Ideal between fixed pipe and flexible hose or fitting	1/2", 3/4", 1"
3-way ball valve mixed thread	Combination F/M ports	Flexible retrofit when threads differ between branches	1/2", 3/4", 1"
Union ball valve double union	F unions with captive nuts	Valve can be removed without cutting pipe	1/2", 3/4", 1"

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## 3-way ball valves (T-port and L-port)

Three-way valves in these small diameters are commonly used to mix, divert, or distribute flow in hydronic systems, solar loops, or refrigeration bypass lines.

They generally come as T-port or L-port designs, and understanding the internal porting is essential for correct circuit design.

### 3-way ball valve operating modes

- **Diverting:** One inlet, two selectable outlets, used to send flow to line A or line B.
- **Mixing:** Two inlets, one outlet, used to blend hot/cold or main/bypass streams.
- **Bypass/recirculation:** Connects supply and return lines during certain handle positions for maintenance or freeze protection.

### 3-way ball valves vs two standard valves

Function	One 3-way valve	Two 2-way valves
Space required	Compact body, single handle	Double space, two handles
Control	Single synchronized movement	Independent operation, risk of wrong sequence
Leakage paths	One stem, three ports	Two stems, four ports
Typical cost	Higher unit price, lower labor	Lower unit price, higher labor

Three-way brass or stainless units with female threads in DN 15–25 (½”–1”) are standard for small installations and are easier to insulate and service than larger flanged models.

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## Nickel-plated and plain brass ball valves

Brass ball valves for water and HVAC are often offered in raw brass or nickel-plated brass bodies.

Nickel plating protects the outer surface from dezincification, improves resistance to condensation, and delivers a cleaner appearance in exposed locations like plant rooms.

### Material comparison for small ball valves

<b>Feature</b>	<b>Plain brass body</b>	<b>Nickel-plated brass body</b>
Corrosion resistance (outer surface)	Good in dry rooms; sensitive to aggressive atmospheres	Better in humid and mildly aggressive environments
Drinking-water suitability	Depends on alloy and certification	Often designed to meet EN 13828 and drinking-water standards
Visual aspect	Yellow metallic finish	Silver-grey clean finish
Cost	Generally lower	Slightly higher due to plating step

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## **Male × male and female × male straight ball valves**

Straight ball valves with male × male or female × male threads are widely used as service valves on domestic water heaters, pumps, and refrigeration service lines.

Nickel-plated models with full-flow bores up to 2" can work at pressures around 25–40 bar and temperatures up to 150 °C, depending on manufacturer rating.

### **Typical technical characteristics (½"-1" range)**

<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Typical value range</b>
Nominal pressure PN	25–40 bar, non-shock cold working
Temperature range	0–120 °C for water, up to 150 °C on some models
Port type	Standard or full port according to DIN 3357
Thread standard	ISO 228-1 BSPP female and male ends
Handle	Steel lever or butterfly with anti-corrosion coating

Male × male valves screw directly into threaded tees, manifolds or flexible connectors, while female × male valves simplify installation between a rigid pipe and a threaded device such as a pump, filter, or pressure gauge.

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## **Double-union ball valves for quick maintenance**

A **double-union ball valve** carries unions with O-ring seals on both sides of the body, allowing the installer to remove the valve without cutting the pipeline.

In ½", ¾", and 1" dimensions, PVC-U and brass versions are popular in water treatment, pool systems, and chemical dosing skids where periodic maintenance is required.

### **Union ball valve vs fixed-thread valve**

<b>Criterion</b>	<b>Double-union ball valve</b>	<b>Fixed threaded ball valve</b>
Removal for service	Loosen union nuts; no pipe cutting	Usually requires cutting or full disassembly
Seal type	O-rings in union ends	Thread sealant or PTFE tape
Ideal applications	Filters, meters, dosing equipment, pumps	Simple shut-off on terminal points
Initial investment	Higher hardware cost	Lower hardware cost

Schedule 40 PVC double-union valves in these sizes are often rated around 150 psi and 32–140 °F, making them suitable for low-temperature water and many chemicals.

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### **Performance data: Cv values and pressure drops**

For designers who size control and shut-off valves, understanding flow coefficients is essential.

Manufacturer data show that a ½" full-open plastic or brass ball valve may present a Cv around 14, a ¾" around 29, and a 1" around 47, though values vary with bore design.

### **Approximate full-open Cv values for ball valves**

#### **Nominal size Typical Cv (full open)**

½" (DN 15)     ≈ 14

¾" (DN 20)     ≈ 29

1" (DN 25)     ≈ 47

These high Cv values confirm that full-port ball valves behave almost like straight pipe sections, an important advantage compared with globe valves or small-bore gate valves in the same diameter range.

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### **Ball valves vs other isolation valves**

Using ½"-1" ball valves instead of traditional stopcocks or gate valves improves reliability and simplifies operation in modern HVAC and plumbing networks.

Quarter-turn action and positive stops reduce operator error and ensure clear indication of open/closed status.

### **Comparison of valve technologies**

<b>Feature</b>	<b>Ball valve</b>	<b>Gate valve</b>	<b>Globe/stop valve</b>
Operation	Quarter turn	Multi-turn	Multi-turn

<b>Feature</b>	<b>Ball valve</b>	<b>Gate valve</b>	<b>Globe/stop valve</b>
Flow restriction	Very low (full port)	Low to medium	Medium to high
Typical use in ½"-1" lines	Shut-off, diversion, bypass	Older installations, fire mains	Throttling or balancing
Maintenance	Low, simple seats	Prone to stem corrosion	Higher, more parts

For hydronic balancing, globe valves or purpose-built balancing valves remain better choices, while ball valves excel as robust shut-off and diverting devices.

## **Installation best practices for small ball valves**

Correct installation extends service life and protects adjacent equipment such as compressors, heat pumps, or water meters.

Installers should verify pressure and temperature ratings, respect flow direction arrows for 3-way configurations, and ensure adequate access for handle movement and future maintenance.

Recommended practices:

- Use PTFE tape or approved thread sealants on male threads only, taking care not to over-tighten and crack fittings.
- For double-union valves, lubricate O-rings with compatible grease and tighten union nuts by hand, then slightly with a wrench if specified by

the manufacturer.

- Support heavy valves with brackets to avoid mechanical stress on copper or PVC pipes.

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3-Way Ball Valve (Nickel Plated)  
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**@Shaiknadeem**

Ball Valve (Male x Male)  
1/2" | 3/4" | 1"

Ball Valve (Female x Male)  
1/2" F x 1/2" M | 3/4" F x 3/4" M

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